What does it take to be a blood donor?
Blood donors must be at least 17 years old, weigh at least 110 pounds.
There are some medical conditions that can keep you from giving blood. You will find the most common ones listed on our website.

Do I need identification?
Yes. Acceptable Forms of Identification:
- Identification which displays the individual’s name, photograph and date of birth
- BBD Donor ID Card

When I give blood, what will happen first?
You will be asked to provide/verify basic information including your name, address, email address, phone numbers, gender and date of birth. You will then use our touch screen device to answer questions about your health history to ensure that you are eligible to donate blood. Your hemoglobin will be determined from a drop of blood from your finger. Your blood pressure, pulse and temperature will also be checked.

How long does the donation take?
The procedure is done by a skilled, specially trained technician and takes up to 15 minutes. You will give one pint of whole blood. You will rest after the donation and enjoy refreshments. Plan to spend about an hour at the blood drive or donor center.

Is there anything special I need to do before my donation?
Eat your regular meals and drink plenty of fluids before donating. We also encourage you to eat salty foods in the 24 hours prior to your donation.

How will I feel after my donation and is there anything I should do?
After relaxing and having a snack, most people feel fine. After donating, drink extra fluids for the next 48 hours.
Your body replaces blood volume or plasma within 24 hours. Red cells need about four to eight weeks for complete replacement. The average healthy body has between 8 and 12 pints of blood and can easily spare one.
When you donate blood, you lose some iron. We recommend that you take a multivitamin with iron or an iron supplement to replace it.

How soon after donating can I get back to my routine?
After you give blood, you will relax and have a snack. You may then resume normal activity as long as you feel well. Just avoid lifting, pushing heavy objects or engaging in strenuous exercise for at least 24 hours after giving blood.

What happens to my blood after donating?
After donation, your blood will be tested for blood type, hepatitis, HIV (AIDS virus), HTLV (a virus that may cause blood or nerve disease), Chagas, West Nile virus, Babesia, syphilis and Zika. It is then separated into components, such as red cells, plasma and platelets, that can help several patients.

How often can I give blood?
You can give whole blood every 56 days.

Want to know more or make an appointment?
For general information or to make an appointment to donate platelets call 1.888.825.6638 or visit www.delmarvablood.org
For more information regarding medical eligibility for blood donation call 1.888.825.6638.